# THE NEWS OF TWO CAPITALS

Continued from first page.

barked at Villefranche on board one of the royal yachts for a cruise in the Mediterranean. Considering the tension which has recently prevailed between England and France, it is somewhat curious to find so many English roy. alties, including the sovereign and the heir apparent, taking a heliday in France and French

the present moment from the absence of its princes than from the influenza, an epidemic of which is raging again with much severity and is upsetting all social arrangements. As usual, politicians show themselves peculiarly susceptible to the disorder; whenever an influenza outbreak occurs in London a large contingent of Ministers and Members of Parliament are sure to be among the sufferers. Whether this is because of the defective ventilation of the Chambers at Westminster in which the legislators pass so many hours of the day and night in each other's company, or because, as a rule, British politicians belong to that leisured class which can afford to give way readily before slight allments, is uncertain. One of the sufferers is Mr. Goschen, the Eirst Lord of the Admiralty, who has been unable to be in his place during the recent discussions on the naval estimates. Unhappily, the present epidemic has not been confined to slight attacks; some valuable lives have been lost, and general sympathy is felt with Sir Matthew White-Ridley, the Home Secretary, whose amiable and accomplished wife died this week, at the early age of forty-six years, after a few days' illness from pneumonia,

It is believed here that the unfavorable rumors in circulation as to the Pope's health are by no means in excess of the facts. It was generally sist upon maintaining it. feared at the Vatican that he would die during his recent illness, and all preparations were made at the Sacred College to proceed to the election of his successor. His Holiness's extraordinary vigor of constitution, based on a it doubtful whether his complete recovery can be looked for at his advanced age. The second operation, which was performed on His Holiness this morning, is, however, stated to have been successful, and to have quite satisfied the doc-

The appointment of Lord Russell of Killowen, the Lord Chief Justice of England, as successor to Lord Herschell on the Anglo-American Commission would satisfy everybody except, perhaps, counsel in the Queen's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice, who would not like to be deprived of their strongest Judge; other wise Lord Russell's qualifications for this high position are unimpeachable. He is not only one of the first English lawyers, but, as he showed when he was counsel for Great Britain during the sessions of the Behring Sea Commission in 1803, he is also one of the greatest living autherities on international jurisprudence. Probably the fact that he is better known and more highly esteemed by the members of his own profession in the United States than any other Majesty's Government in making the selection. It may be recollected that Lord Russell, when in Parliament, was an ardent Liberal and follower of Mr. Gladstone, and consequently a vehe-Unionist-Conservative Cabinet.

The Government has this week published a massive Blue Book of more than \$50 pages, describing in detail the course of recent negotiations with China. The general effect of these papers is to confirm the impression that Lord allsbury's diplomacy has had enormous difficulties to contend with in the Far East, owing to the weakness of the Chinese Government and the perpetual aggressiveness of Russia. Engand, indirectly, all other countries interested in maintaining the open door in the Far East owe a debt of gratitude to Sir Claude Macdonald, the British Minister at Peking. It is clear that only his determined attitude, backed by occasional significant refe the Admiral in command of the British fleet on the China station, prevented the concessions to Russia from being much more important than The salutary respect in which in the account of the negotiations with the Tsung-li-Yamen. As long as the British Minister expostulated and argued the Mandarins merely shuffled and prevaricated; but no sooner did Sir Claude threaten to apply to the Admiral than they promptly yielded.

The Blue Book shows that English action in China has been much more vigorous than some of Lord Salisbury's critics have cared to acknowledge. The difficulty created by Italy's sudden plunge into an aggressive policy in Eastern Asia is by no means settled with the recall of Signor Martino, the Italian Minister in Peking. The Chinese Minister, accompanied by Sir Halliday Macartney, Secretary of the Chinese Legation, has just gone to Rome to confer with the Italian Government on the question. No doubt a settlement will be arrived at, but the Chinese are very well acquainted States, and are by no means disposed to meet Italian encroachments in the lamblike spirit they display toward those of Russia or Ger-

Lord Selborne, Under Secretary of State for the Colonies, delivered an address a few days ago in which he openly admitted the desirability of arresting the economic decay of the British West Indies by bounties on sugar. The main reason why, in his view, such taxes could not be levied lay in the fact that after a general election the Liberals might come into power again and repeal any protective duties imposed by their predecessors; but, this question of party tactics apart, Lord Selborne's statement was about the strongest condemnation of the system of spurious free trade in the British West Indies which has yet been pronounced by any person holding high official position in England.

# FREUD'S

Removal Sale of

### CORSETS.

Will Remove April 1st to Our New Building, 22 West 233 St. Don't miss this opportunity of getting high-class Consets at about half original prices.

Sale at Both Stores, 68 West 28d St., and

366 Sixth AV.



Great interest and sympathy are excited here by the accounts of the Windsor Hotel disaster. The Windsor is one of the New-York hotels which used to be best known to English visitors. and, though it was superseded by some of its younger rivals, many middle-aged Englishmen have pleasant associations with the building which has been destroyed in such sudden and appalling fashion.

### PARIS.

Lendon society, however, is suffering less at THE QUESTION OF THE POPE'S SUC-CESSOR.

INENT-LOCKROY'S NAVAL REFORMS-

THEATRE AND SOCIETY.

INY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.] Paris, March 18,-A prominent French ecclesiastic who arrived this evening from Rome brings to Cardinal Richard, Archbishop of Paris, news that in the inner circles of the Vatican the condition of Pope Leo XIII is known to be so critical, notwithstanding the hopeful statements of Doctors Lapponi and Mazzoni, that the Papa! succession may be considered already open. For three days the Sacred College has been weighing the claims of the best-qualified candidates. The College are said to hold different opinions in regard to the attitude the next Pope should maintain toward the Quirinal. The twenty-seven fordivided on the question of a protectorate over lam's visit there last autumn. The German and France continuing to monopolize such protec-

In ecclesiastical circles here the opinion is that the two most likely successors to Leo XIII are Cardinal Satolli, who in the conclave would have the votes of at least sixteen Italian Cardinals, bold relief this week against the political backbesides those of more than half of the foreign ground of minor interest. The press of three life of temperance and care, averted the danger | Cardinals, and Cardinal Gibbons, whom French | countries-Great Britain, Germany and Francefor the moment, but he has never really rallied. and German Cardinals are willing to support as This weakness and physical depression render a compromise on the Holy Land protectorate question, and to whom many Italian Cardinals would accord their suffrages, not only on ac- and the idea that the assistance of Germany count of the enlightened character of the Archbishop of Baltimore and with a view to strengthening the growth of Catholicism in the United States by flattering the country's pride, but also because the Italian Cardinals feel convinced that an American Pope would bring an annual influx of Americans to Rome, and probably sextuple the amount of the Peter's Pence, which during the last twelvemonth has dwindled to 6,750,000 lire, the smallest amount yet recorded, and prove a boon to the Roman tradesmen. It appears that Leo XIII is very sad and despondent since the death of his warm personal friend, the late Monseignor Clart, Papal Envoy to Paris, which deeply affected him.

M. Lockroy, Minister of Marine, is daily winning new laurels by the spirited manner in which he defends his naval budget. He seems in a fair way to accomplish for the French Navy what Carnot, in the closing days of the last cen tury, did for the French Army, M. Lockroy's English lawyer or Judge would weigh with Her latest victory is the destruction of the antiquated system of shipbuilding accountability, originated in the days of wood and iron, which in complicated modern constructions has enabled those responsible for technical matters to elude ment opponent of most members of the present | their obligations, greatly adding to the cost and time required for completing new French ships.

> The charity performance at the Grand Opéra to-night for the benefit of the French dramatic artists was the occasion for one of the most successful and interesting theatrical performances ever given in Paris. Molière's "Bourgeois Gentilhomme," with Lulli's music, the ballets and all its spectacular accompaniments, was produced exactly as when given for the first time before Louis XIV, at the Château de Chambord, on October 14, 1670, at the fêtes when Le Roy Soleil hoped to marry La Grande Mademoiselle to the Duke of Orleans. Since that date "Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme," as originally written and composed by Molière and Lulli, has been reburg Theatre, Vienna, before the Emperor of

At the Opera the programme gave the cast of to-night side by side with that of October 14, England's naval power is held comes out plainly | 1670, when Molière acted M. Jourdain and Luili sang the part of the Mufti, characters impersonated this evening by Coquelin Cadet and Chambon. Their acting was admirable; never before have the efforts of Coquelin Cadet been hailed with such a storm of acclamation. Lebargy was inimitable as Dorante, and Leloir outdid himself as the professor of philosophy. The other characters were impersonated by Mmes. Plerson, Marsy, Muller, Kalb and by MM. Feraudy, Truffler, Boucher and Laugier, The audience was a most brilliant one, including President Loubet, whose modest attitude called forth from the few Royalists sarcastic

comparisons with Louis XIV. Among the Americans who attended this remarkable gala performance were Mrs. Astor, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Miss Blackington, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Higginson, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus P with the relative power of the various European | Gardiner, the latter daughter of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge; Mr. and Mrs. Louis Rutherford, Mrs. Sharon, Mrs. Richard and Mr. William Waddington and Miss King, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Scott, the Duchess of Marlborough, the Countess Kleckscowska, née Tudor; Countess Coetlogan, née Blake; Mr. and Mrs. David Fulsom, Sebastian Schlesinger and his daughter, Baronness Reibnitz; Mrs. Charles Whittier and Miss Pozley Whittier, Mrs. and Miss Leischman and

The presence of the Queen and royal family on the Riviera has given a decided fillip to social gayety at Nice, Cannes and Monte Carlo. Mrs. George Law has been giving a series of sumptu ous entertainments at the Villa Polawski; Mrs. Willard Case, Mrs. Ingraham, Mrs. William Payne and Mr. Howard Case have left Monte Carlo on a coaching trip through Liguria.

Mr. and Mrs. Royal Phelps Carroll put in a regular appearance on the golf links at Cannes. Among other arrivals at Cannes are Messrs. Butler Duncan and Edward Gray. The Prince of Wales since he arrived at Nice had a slight relapse in his knee trouble which yesterday afternoon was aggravated by a fall as he was getting out of his carriage at Villefranche to enter a steam launch to go aboard the cruiser Venus. The Prince returned to Nice in the vening. His knee remains somewhat stiff, and his physicians say that with massage treatment he will soon be right again. The Prince sustained no other injury by the fall, which was due to his foot slipping on a carriage step.

A personal telegram from Malta announces that the American steam yacht Nourmahal which has Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor's party on board, arrived on Tuesday from Tunis. She started yesterday for Alexandria.

The Duke of Loubat and Messrs. Decourcey Forbes and Sheppard, who made the trip up the Nile, were obliged to leave their dahabeeya between the First and Second cataracts, owing to her too great draught. She kept running into mudbanks and sticking there. They were

into mudbanks and sticking there. They were obliged to return to Cairo by train, and are now visiting the Holy Land.

Among the passengers on La Normandie are Mme. Bensamon and M. Daville des Essarts. Among the passengers who left Paris to sail on the Umbria are Mr. and Mrs. D. Styles, Mrs. J. C. Hopkins, Mr. Frank Perry and Mr. P. H. Armstrong.

C. I. B.

DECORATING GRAVES IN GERMANY. Berlin, March 18.—The graves of the victims of the revolution of March, 1848, were decorated to-

### CECIL RHODES'S SCHEMES.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH GERMANY NOT YET ENDED.

STRIKING FIGURE IN EUROPEAN POLITICS-VIEWS ON AMERICA'S EXPANSION

MEET WITH SCEPTICISM. London, March 18.-The newspapers this week reprinted from the American papers an interview with Cecil Rhodes on board the steamer Hapsburg in the Mediterranean. The remarks of Mr. Rhodes on America's imperial future have attracted much attention. "The Spectator," how-CARDINALS SATOLLI AND GIBBONS PROM- ever, suggests that the energy of the Americans may not prove persistent enough for the vast task of conquest and occupation which the South African statesman sets before them,

adding: "Their system, though it produces men of ability, is probably not favorable to the development of a meteoric genius, and without such a man the work can hardly be done rapidly. Eating up South America like an artichoke, State by State, is a task to overstrain any people, even the Americans. The carrying out of the work, too, might bring to a head the great danger of the United States—the difference in the ideal and thirty Italian Cardinals who sit in the Sacred permanent tendency between the North and South. It is true that the State system of America is a wenderful system of empire, but it is also a wonderful provision for disintegration. eign Cardinals of the Sacred College are also The North may refuse to persist in a career of conquest which wearies it, and, with Canada, Roman Catholics in the Holy Land, which has may elect to form a republic with another ideal been so eagerly discussed since Emperor Will- than governing, which, although attractive, wears out the surplus energy of the governors. Austrian Cardinals are resolutely opposed to If any one tells us the United States will expand to the Strait of Magellan in spite of themtion, while the French and Spanish Cardinals in-Mr. Rhodes says, that this expansion will be deliberate, we shall hesitate and ask for evidence that they wish the expansion to last."

Mr. Rhodes's striking personality stood out in was full of him. His visit to Berlin marks an important onward step in the Anglo-German understanding, and the French papers realize this might eventually be counted upon in a war between France and Great Britain is preposterous. The "Figaro" sees in Mr. Rhodes's reception at Berlin sure proof of a secret convention between Great Britain and Germany, while the "Temps"

"Frankly, it is impossible to overrate its importance. It is plain proof of Emperor William's portance. It is plain proof of Emperor William's desire for a rapprochement with Great Britain, and the power and weight of such a combination cannot be exaggerated. It ought to turnish food for reflection for those who fancied that France had only to make overtures in order to bring Germany to her feet, and who, acting under this delusion, have been striving to bring about a rupture with Great Britain."

Mr. Rhodes, however, has not yet arranged a hard-and-fast agreement respecting the Cape-to-Cairo railroad. Politically Mr. Rhodes and the Emperor have agreed, but financially their arrangement is hanging fire, and the negotiations between Mr. Rhodes and a German syndicate respecting financing the German portion of the railroad have not yet been concluded, though Mr. Rhodes has expressed the hope that an early

Mr. Rhodes has expressed the hope that an early

Mr. Rhodes has expressed the hope that an early agreement will be arrived at.

It further appears that Mr. Rhodes expressed astonishment at the German Emperor's surprising knowledge of the details of the matter, and German official quarters, in their turn, were surprised at Mr. Rhodes's candid allusions to future political projects, including an Anglo-German partition of Portugal's East African possessions, which Mr. Rhodes fully expects. Portugal will be willing to sell to the two Powers within three years. At present Mr. Rhodes is at Amsterdam arranging for the financial support of the Dutch financiers.

### RECALL OF ITALY'S MINISTER.

REPORT CONFIRMED THAT ENGLAND WILL TAKE CHARGE OF ITALIAN DE-MANDS ON CHINA.

Rome, March 18-In the Senate to-day Admiral Canevaro, Minister of Foreign Affairs, replying to questions upon the subject, stated that Signor Martino had violated his instructions as Italian Minister to China by presenting an ultithe concession of San-Moon Bay, and had therefore been recalled. The negotiations between Italy and China, he added, are now intrusted to Sir Claude Macdonald, the British Minister at Peking, and Italy had undertaken not to use

### CONDITION OF THE POPE.

RUMORS OF ANOTHER OPERATION DENIED-HE RECEIVES SEVERAL VISITORS.

port that the Pope was operated on again today. He received several persons in audience. A committee consisting of the Pope's chamber lains and other Papal functionaries has issued an appeal to the foreign press to send to the ommittee copies of all newspapers which have published anything respecting the Pope's recent illness, the appeal adding that it is "intended to incorporate them into a volume which will be presented to His Holiness.

### MORE EXPLOSIONS IN FRANCE.

THREE MEN KILLED AND SEVERAL INJURED AT BOURGES AND MARSEHLES.

Paris, March 18.-Two explosions occurred today at Government ammunition factories. Bourges, in the shell-filling shop, three men were killed and five were injured.

At Marseilles a cartridge exploded, blowing up a quantity of guspowder. Three men were injured, and great damage was done to the

### NO FRICTION WITH AUSTRIA.

HAZLETON CLAIMS NOT YET SETTLED, HOWEVER -RUMOR OF AMBASSADOR DENIED.

Vienna, March 18.-The "Politische Correspondenz," discussing the effect of the Hazleton shooting and the relations between Austria and the United States, says that while perhaps the published statement that no tension exists is true, the Austrian claims are in no way settled by Austrian calims are in no way seried by the United States' rejection. The paper adds that the Foreign Minister intends to press what he considers to be the just claims advanced in behalf of Austrian subjects, and says that no decision has yet been reached to convert the Austrian Legation at Washington into an Embassy.

### CZAR REFUSES TO RECEIVE FINS.

LARGE DEPUTATION ORDERED TO LEAVE ST. PETERSBURG.

Petersburg, March 18.-A Finnish deputation of 400 persons, recently arrived here to make a petition to the Czar against the Russian decrees, has been ordered to return home immediately, the Czar refusing to receive its members.

#### LOUBET RECEIVES DIPLOMATS. Paris, March 18.-President Loubet to-day re-

cived the members of the Diplomatic Corp., who endered to him the congratulations of their respective Governments. M. Dupuy, Prime Minister, and M. Delcassé, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and M. Deicasse, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the members of the President's civil and military household were among those present. The Austrian Ambassador, Count de Wolkenstein, on behalf of his colleagues, congratulated the new President of the French Republic, who, in re-sponse, briefly thanked the diplomatists for their expressions of friendship for France and himself.

POOR CHANCES FOR THE MEAT BILL. Berlin, March 18.-A prominent member of the Centre party this evening said that the prospects of the Meat bill are unfavorable. The party referred to is preparing amendments containing di-

White, the United States Ambassador, visited the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Baron von Billow, yes-terday. The meeting was of a cordial nature. The Minister complained that the troubles were caused by the extremists on both sides.

### AMSTERDAM-AVE. CONFERENCE.

MEMBERS OF THE PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE MEET REPRESENTATIVES OF THE

ELECTRIC RAILROADS. There was a meeting yesterday afternoon in the lice of Simon Sterne, in William-st., of members of the People's Committee of citizens who are protesting against the Amsterdam-ave, four-track scheme and representatives of the Metropolitan company and the Third-ave, road. ommittee members were John A. Bell, John C Coleman and Simon Sterne, and the representatives of the roads Elihu Root, for the Metropolitan com pany, and Edward Lauterbach, for the Third-ave. road. Assemblyman Fallows was also present.

gestion of Governor Roosevelt, who said that some thing satisfactory might be accomplished by such a meeting. The People's Committee has hope toat it can have a bill framed which will pass the

Legislature, Instead of the bills and amendments now before that body, which do not appear to be satisfactory to either side.

It was said that some discussion along these lines was included in yesterday, but as to what was accomplished nothing could be ascertained.

It has been decided that a meeting of citizens is to be held on Monday aight in Durland's Academy, at Sixileth-st, and the Foulevard, at which the following speakers will appear: George R. Bidwell, Professor George Gunton, Mrs. Frederick Nathan, Father Ducey, Franklin Pierce and William Astor Chanler. onference adjourned to meet this morning.

### INDUSTRIAL COMBINATIONS.

PLOUGH MANUFACTURERS NOW. A dispatch from Chicago says that a stock comwith a capital of \$20,000,000, to take in all the plough manufacturing concerns in the country s to be inco parated under the laws of New-Jersey, and that options have already been secured on more than twenty plants distributed over the coun-

CHEWING-GUM TRUST TO BE FORMED. Toledo, Ohio, March 18 (Special).-A local writer in "The Toledo Sunday Journal" will say in to

morrow's issue I am informed by W. J. White, of Cleveland, I am informed by W. J. White, of Cleveland, who has built up an enormous business and fortune through the manufacture and sale of chewing-gum in Cleveland, that the attempt to organize a chewing-gum trust will be successful. It has been reported that it had fallen through, but Mr. White says that the combine will coxists of six of the largest companies, including the White and Beeman plants, in Coveland and the Adams plant, of Broaklyn. The capital stock will be \$6,000,000, and the headquarters may be established in Cleveland. The understanding is that White will be manager of the trust.

DECORATED GLASS MAKERS, TOO. From Pittsburg comes a report that a large combination of firms manufacturing decorated glass, ina and metal lamps has practically been com-ted. The offices of the new company, it is added, will be in Pittsburg.

REPORT OF PATENT MEDICINE TRUST. It was reported yesterday that several of the ending patent medicine companies of the United pany, to be incorporated at Trenton with a capital of \$25,000 cm

### A TEA IMPORTER COMPLAINS.

HE CONTENDS THAT THE SEIZURE AND DESTRUC-TION OF TEA IS BEYOND THE POWER OF THE LAW.

William J. Buttfield, an importer of teas in this city, has begun suit in the United States Circuit Court to test the legality of the regulations established by the Secretary of the Treasury in February, 1898, relative to the standard of teas imported into this couptry. Collector George R. Bid-well. Isaac McGay, examiner of teas at this port, and Thaddeus S. Sharretts, Wilbur F. Lunt and James A. Jewell, general appraisers, are named as

The complaint alleges that the defendants have refused to permit the complainant to import teas. and have setzed and destroyed certain teas imported by him which were of purity, quality and fitness for consumption equal to the standard, because they were of a test-cup quality and appearance or or color of leaf different from the standard as fixed in the regulations established by the Treasury Department. In fixing these regulations com-plainant alleges that the defendants disregard the true intent and meaning of the act relative to the

spection of tens. He contends that the regulations of February. 1888, are filegal and vold, because the Secretary of the Trensury has no authority to determine as to the kind of tea admissible for import, and because the seizure and destruction of rejected tea is be-yond the power of the law. The complaint alleges that he has \$20,000 worth of tea laden and en route to this country, which, under this construction of the statute, is liable to rejection, seizure and dethis country, which, under this construction of statute, is liable to rejection, seizure and detection. He asks for an injunction restraining Collector from rejecting, seizing or destroying teas imported by him pending the determination of the suit. Putney & Bishop, of No. 115 adway, are the attorneys for the complainant.

# LOOKING FOR A LAWYER.

A DEPUTY SHERIFF ARMED WITH AN ATTACH-

MENT FINDS NOTHING TO ATTACH. Deputy-Sheriff O'Donnell has received an attachment against George T. Davidson, lawyer, of No. 100 Broadway, for \$1,905, in favor of Mathews. Grange & Co., of No. 40 Wall-st., which was obtained on the ground that he was keeping concealed to avoid service of summons. It was stated that repeated efforts to find him at his office or home in the last few weeks were fruitless, and the inquirers were informed that he was out of town. The Sheriff found nothing to levy upon, as it was said that he formerly had a desk at No. 100 Broadway, but had not been there for some time. Mathews, Grange & Co.'s claim is for balance due on a check of \$3.500 which they say he gave them on January 24 for certain bonds which they held as collateral security for a loan. The bonds were delivered to him, the check was presented to the Fifth Avenue Trust Company, on which it was drawn, and was returned marked "short of funds." Seventeen hundred and five dollars was subsequently paid on account of the check. way, but had not been there for some time

## HIGH RECORD IN SUGAR.

THE STOCK GOES TWO AND A HALF POINTS ABOVE THE FIGURES OF THURSDAY.

A new high record was established yesterday in American Sugar Refining Company certificates on the Stock Exchange, the stock rising to 1725, two and a half points above the highest quotation on the day of the great "squeeze," closing at 172, a net advance for the day of 715 elosing at he, per cent. The transactions were heavy for a per cent. The transactions were heavy for a half-holiday, nearly seventy thousand shares. A reiteration of the rumors that a settlement of the trade war between the Sugar company and the trade war between the Sugar companied the adoutside refiners was in sight accompanied the advance in price yesterday, but no confirmation of these reports could be obtained from any responsi-

### BANKRUPTCY CASES.

Judge Brown, of the United States District Court. yesterday granted a discharge in bankruptey to Isidor Stark, who filed a petition in bankruptey on August 2 last. He was formerly of Isidor Stark & Bro., manufacturers of boys' clothing at No. 126 Bleecker-st., who fatled in August, 1891. Objection to his discharge was made by creditors, on the ground that in contemplation of bankruptcy he had destroyed, concealed or falled to keep books of account, but he showed that when the firm failed in 1891 the Sheriff levied on the place, and he

had never seen the books since.
Schedules of Schultz & Schwertn, wholesale dealers in clothing at No. 30 Great Jones-st., against whom a creditor's petition in bankruptcy has been filed, show Habilities \$29,302; nominal assets, \$17,546 filed, show liabilities \$29.302; nominal assets, \$17,306, consisting of stock, \$30,000, which was taken by the Sheriff; instures, \$1,100, also taken by the Sheriff; notes, \$2,500; outstanding accounts, \$2,943, most of which have either been attached or are worthless, and cash in bank, \$3.

A meeting of the creditors of the Hickory Broom Fibre Company, of No. 51 West Thirteenth-st., which has a factory at Huntsville, Ala., was held yesterday at the office of Royal S. Crane, referee in bankraptcy, at No. 237 Breadway, and Charles Brownold was elected trustee, with a bond of \$5,000.

## LOCAL BUSINESS COMPLICATIONS.

Deficiency judgment for \$23,208 was docketed yes terday against Julia S. Purdy in favor of the Twenty-third Ward Land Improvement Company, growing out of the foreclosure sale of nine pieces of property in Freeman-st., extending from the Southern Boulevard to Intervale-ave.

Judgment for \$17,816 was entered yesterday against falcolm C. Anderson in favor of the American National Bank of Denver, Col., for balance due on a note made by him to the order of the City Na-tional Bank of Denver, which assigned it to the American National Bank. The note was dated

# B. Altman & Co.

# SPRING OPENING OF SILKS, LACES,

GARNITURES AND DRESS FABRICS.

PROMINENT AMONG THE SILKS ARE: DAMAS GOUACHE, CREPE METEORE, TAFFETAS VENDEEN, TAFFETAS BORDURE IMPRESSION, MOIRE JAPONAIS, VELOURS PANNE IMPRIME, SATIN RUSSE, PEKIN SATIN CACHEMIRE, SATIN GRADUE, PEKIN EMPIRE, TAFFETAS DIAMANT IMPRIME.

### BRIDAL AND EVENING SILKS.

(DISPLAY IN WINDOWS.)

### B. Altman & Co. DESIRE TO CALL ATTENTION TO THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

7,000 YARDS SILK MOUSSELINE, SOLID BLACK, ALSO WHITE GROUND WITH DELICATE SHADES IN COTTON STRIPES, FOR WAISTS AND GOWNS,

Value 85c. at 48C. Per Yard,

(Rear of Rotunda.)

## LACE CURTAINS, CRETONNES, Etc.

450 PAIRS LACE CURTAINS AT REDUCED PRICES.

IRISH POINT. . . . . . . . . . . \$4.75 2.000 YDS. EMBROIDERED SASH MUSLINS, . . 24c.

2,500 YDS. ENGLISH AND 15c., 19c. & 24c. FRENCH CRETONES, 300 LOUNGING CUSHIONS, COVERED WITH ENGLISH ART

PRINTS AND FRENCH CRETONNES, . . . \$1.65

1,000 CUSHION TOPS OF TAPESTRY, DAMASK AND PRINTED FABRICS,

45c., 65c. AND 90c.

# BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

SPRING STYLES IN BOYS' SUITS, OVERCOATS, REEFERS, SHIRT WAISTS, BLOUSES, HATS, CAPS, &C.

COMPRISING AN EXCELLENT GENERAL SELECTION OF SHORT PANTS SUITS FOR DRESS, SCHOOL, GOLF AND CYCLING, IN IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC MATERIALS, INCLUDING VICUNA CLOTH, PLAIN BLACK AND FANCY WORSTEDS, ENGLISH CHEVIOTS AND SERGES, SCOTCH TWEEDS AND CASSIMERES,

### FROM \$7.50 to \$12.50

SPRING OVERCOATS OF WHIPCORD, COVERT, VENETIAN CLOTH AND HERRING BONE STRIPES. SIZES FROM 4 TO 15 YEARS, AT

### \$5.00 TO \$12.00

BOYS' SAILOR AND MIDDY SUITS OF CADET CLOTH, FINE SERGES AND FANCY CHEVIOTS, FOR DRESS AND ORDINARY WEAR, SOME WITH EXTRA DETACHABLE COLLARS OF SILK, DUCK AND PIQUE.

\$6.50 TO \$10.50

## Eighteenth St., Nineteenth St. and Sixth Av.

February 13, 1893, for \$11.695, with interest at the rate of 2 per cent a month; \$5,763 was paid on the note on July 2, 1886, leaving a balance of \$5,932, the interest on which and costs amounted to \$11.652, or nearly twice the balance of \$5,932.

### INCORPORATED IN NEW-JERSEY.

The Safety Sash Company was incorporated in the Essex County Clerk's office at Newark yesterday, with a capital stock of \$250,000, divided into two thousand five hundred shares, of which five hundred is preferred stock. The company is organized for the purchase of the patent rights granted to Clinton D. Tabor and Albert Schrafft covering the manufacture of window sashes. It will also manufacture blinds, mouldings and cabinets. The corporators are Albert Schrafft, George Sweezy and Robert Scrafft, of Newark, and Clinton D. Tabor and R. D. Woodward, of New-York.

### RICHARD DE LOGEROT FAILS.

Providence, R. I., March 18.-Richard De Logerot, of Newport, formerly proprietor and manager of the Logerot cottages, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court to-day. He places his liabilities at \$192,722, with no assets. The case was referred to Clerk Burdick, referee in bankrutpcy for Newport County.

CHATEAU YOUEM PUTS BACK TO PORT. The steamship Chateau Yquem, of the Bordeaux Line, which sailed from this port for Lisbon yes terday, passed Quarantine, returning, last night, She anchored in the Upper Bay, but the Harbor Police obtained no information as to the cause of her return. It is believed that she met with some accident to her machinery. The Chateau Yquen is a freight steamer, and carried a few steerage passengers. She made the signal "I want"—and then the fog shut her from view.

## WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Troy, N. Y., March 18 .- Mrs. Timothy Cole was burned to death at her home, in Central-ave.,



# We Show Our Hand.

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